

Two-dimensional (2D) Diffraction Gratings

Benefits

- Exceptional Diffracted Wavefront Error
- High Uniformity over the full aperture
- Robust etched structures
- Excellent feature positioning accuracy
- Spatially varying periods in both dimensions possible

Typical Applications

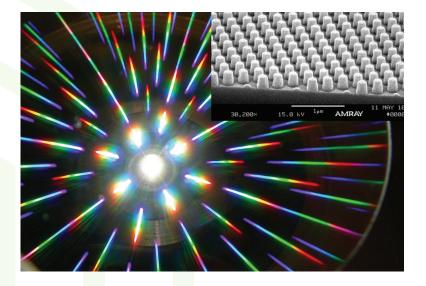
- Ultrahigh-precision scales for positioning and metrology, especially where extreme linearity and accuracy are required
- Alternative to a Displacement Measuring Interferometer (DMI)

Features

Grating Type	Reflecting or Transmitting
Diffraction Efficiency	Multi-order
Wavefront Error	< λ/4 (depends on size)
Laser Damage Threshold	Medium – High (depends on type)
Bandwidth	Low (typ. single λ)

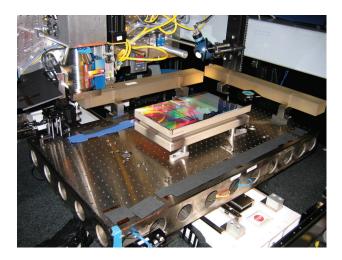
Two-dimensional gratings are ideal for positioning and metrology applications that require exceptional accuracy (~ nanometers or less) over a long range (~ millimeters or more). These requirements are found in the semiconductor, precision manufacturing, and biological imaging fields, to name a few. Often displacement measuring interferometers (DMIs) could provide a solution, but might also pose expensive or even impractical system constraints. A grating-based interferometer offers a simpler, more robust solution.

2D gratings are produced by orthogonally overlaying two one-dimensional (1D) structures. The result is a rectangular array of grating features for which the net diffraction efficiency is equal to the product of the two 1D efficiencies. With exceptional control over the placement accuracy of grating features, PGL's 2D gratings provide an industry-leading solution for the most demanding positioning applications.

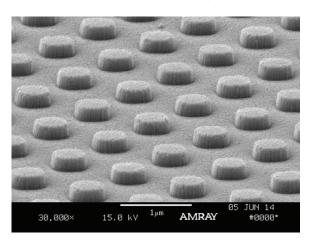


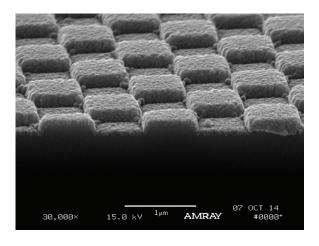
Product Details

The high accuracy of PGL 2D gratings starts with the Nanoruler, based on the proprietary SBIL (Scanning Beam Interference Lithography) technology developed at MIT. The Nanoruler comprises a precision air-bearing XY stage with dual-axis DMIs mounted on an active vibration isolation system and housed in an environmental enclosure which controls temperature to ± 0.01°C. It scans a small beam of fringes that are actively stabilized with heterodyne phase reference interferometry across a large substrate in any direction, and with real-time variation of the fringe frequency and orientation.



Averaging methods and excellent dose control ensure consistent period and feature shape across the grating and from part-to-part – period repeatability has been shown to exceed 10 ppb! Systematic defects found in holographic grating writing systems are all but eliminated. SBIL even allows programmable correction for wavefront errors in substrates and other system-level imperfections. These features, combined with a lack of fundamental limitation on substrate size, mean PGL's SBIL process is the ideal solution for large, 2D gratings.







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Plymouth Grating Laboratory is dedicated to making the highest-quality diffraction gratings available today. Our focus is on lasers and laser systems. PGL gratings offer exceptionally high diffraction efficiency and laser damage threshold, combined with superior wavefront error and uniformity over large areas. This performance is made possible by PGL's exclusive use of the Nanoruler, based on the proprietary Scanning Beam Interference Lithography technology developed at MIT, and PGL's industry-leading process expertise. The company occupies 20,000 sq. ft. of dedicated manufacturing, engineering, and office space in Carver, MA, just outside of Plymouth, and about 45 miles south of Boston. For more information see plymouthgrating.com.